

Factor, Look for GCF:

$$\frac{12x^3 - 6x^2 + 24x}{6x} = \frac{8x^3 - 4}{4}$$

$$6x(2x^2 - x + 4) \quad 4(2x^3 - 1)$$

Factor, Difference of 2 squares:

$$x^2 - 16 = (x + 4)(x - 4)$$

$$81x^6 - 225y^4 = (9x^3 - 15y^2)(9x^3 + 15y^2)$$

Perfect Square Trinomials

$$k^2 + 6k + 9$$

$$(k + 3)(k + 3) = (k+3)^2$$

$$\underbrace{(k + 3)(k + 3)}_{\begin{array}{l} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array}} = (k+3)^2$$

$$\frac{\cancel{+ 6k}}{6k} \checkmark$$

$$25x^6 - 60x^3y^2 + 36y^4$$

$$(5x^3 - 6y^2)(5x^3 - 6y^2)$$

$$\underbrace{(5x^3 - 6y^2)(5x^3 - 6y^2)}_{\begin{array}{l} \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \\ \text{ } \end{array}}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{- 30x^3y^2}}{-30x^3y^2}$$

## Factoring Trinomials -

$$x^2 + 7x + 12$$

$$(x+3)(x+4)$$

12  
 1 2  
 2 6  
 3 4

-1	-12
-2	-6
-3	-4

$$x^2 - 1x - 12$$

$$(x+3)(x-4)$$

-12  
 -1 12  
 -2 6  
 -3 4

1	-12
2	-6
3	-9

Factoring Trinomials where  $a > 1$  (Fake Factoring)

$$2x^2 + 5x + 3$$

$$(2x+2)(2x+3)$$

6  
 2 3

$$(x+1)(2x+3)$$

$$3t^2 - 5t - 12$$

$$(3t+4)(3t-9)$$

$$(3t+4)(t-3)$$

-36  
 1 -36  
 2 -18  
 3 -12  
 4 -9

## Factoring by grouping - Use when have 4 terms

$$\left(\frac{rq}{r} - \frac{2rp}{r}\right) + \left(\frac{5q}{s} - \frac{10p}{s}\right)$$

$$2xy + 6x - 3ry - 9r$$

~~$$r(q-2p) + 5(q-2p)$$

$$(q-2p)(r+5)$$~~

$$2x(y+3) - 3r(y+3)$$

$$(y+3)(2x-3r)$$