

Bellwork - Khan Academy

Subject --> SAT --> Practice --> Math -->

Problem Solving and Data Analysis -->

Ratio, Rates and Proportions -->

Practice - do 5 questions. Must show me,
this one I can't see from my side of program.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$$

Sec 2.4 Remainder Theorem

If $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - k)$, then the remainder is $r = f(k)$.

ex. Find the remainder when

$f(x) = 3x^2 + 7x - 20$ is divided by $x - 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 3 \ 7 \ -20} \\ \underline{6 } \\ 3 \ 13 \\ \underline{6 } \\ 3 \ 13 \end{array} \quad R = f(2) = 6$$

$$f(2) = 3(2)^2 + 7(2) - 20 \\ 12 + 14 - 20 = 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 2 \ -3 \ 4 \ -7} \\ \underline{2 } \\ 4 \\ \underline{4 } \\ 2 \\ \underline{2 } \\ 12 \\ \underline{12} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Remainder is 0
then $(x-k)$ is
a factor

$$(x+4)(3x-5)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \overline{) 3x^2 - 7x - 20} \\ \underline{-12x } \\ 3x - 5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -20 \\ \underline{20} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

ex. Is $x-1$ a factor of $x^3 - x^2 + x - 1$?

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \overline{) 1x^3 - 1x^2 + 1x - 1} \\ \underline{1x^3 - 1x^2} \\ 0x^2 + 1x - 1 \\ \underline{0x^2 + 0x + 1} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$(x-1)(x^2+1)$
yes factor

$$\begin{aligned} f(1) &= (1)^3 - (1)^2 + (1) - 1 \\ &= 1 - 1 + 1 - 1 \\ &= 0 + 0 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

assignment: on MyMathLab "sec 2.4 day 2"